CORNELL UNIVERSITY

Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2025 and 2024



Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Trustees of Cornell University

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Cornell University and its subsidiaries (the "University"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities for the year ended June 30, 2025 and of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, the changes in its net assets for the year ended June 30, 2025 and its cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Other Matter

We previously audited the consolidated statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related consolidated statements of activities and of cash flows for the year then ended (the statement of activities is not presented herein), and in our report dated October 21, 2024, we expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying summarized financial information for the year ended June 30, 2024 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the consolidated financial statements are issued.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with US GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with US GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

New York, New York October 27, 2025

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CORNELL UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS OF JUNE 30, 2025 AND JUNE 30, 2024 (in thousands)

		2025	2024
Assets			
	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,155,192	\$ 967,080
	Accounts receivable, net (note 3-A)	863,332	815,797
	Contributions receivable, net (note 3-B)	583,894	684,248
	Prepaid expenses and other assets	184,628	171,075
	Investments (note 4)	12,412,567	11,510,508
	Right of use assets-operating leases, net (note 10)	505,744	482,771
	Right of use assets-finance leases, net (note 10)	45,556	49,355
	Land, buildings, and equipment, net (note 5)	4,896,957	4,709,867
	Funds held in trust by others (note 6)	165,203	157,918
	Total assets	\$ 20,813,073	\$ 19,548,619
Liabilitie	s		
	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 382,053	\$ 434,514
	Deferred revenue and other liabilities (note 14)	1,579,773	705,734
	Obligations under split interest agreements (note 6)	138,141	134,011
	Deferred benefits (note 7)	713,857	561,557
	Funds held for others (note 8)	140,661	126,580
	Operating lease liabilities (note 10)	551,157	507,596
	Finance lease liabilities (note 10)	51,861	54,812
	Bonds and notes payable (note 9)	2,563,536	2,497,549
	Total liabilities	\$ 6,121,039	\$ 5,022,353
Net asset	s (note 12)		
	Without donor restrictions	3,309,669	4,056,351
	With donor restrictions	11,382,365	10,469,915
	Total net assets	14,692,034	14,526,266
	Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 20,813,073	\$ 19,548,619

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR-ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 (in thousands)

(WITH SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR-ENDED JUNE 30, 2024)

	Without Donor	With Donor	2025	2024
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Total
Operating revenues and other support				
Tuition and fees (scholarship allowance	Ф. 1.01 2.2 00	Φ.	4. 1.012.200	Φ 026060
\$574,660 and \$575,382)	\$ 1,012,288	\$ -	\$ 1,012,288	\$ 926,960
State and federal appropriations	158,877	-	158,877	157,016
Grants, contracts and similar agreements				
Direct	960,025	-	960,025	939,556
Indirect cost recoveries	268,579	-	268,579	263,765
Contributions	6,328	390,564	396,892	343,162
Investment return, distributed	152,141	346,165	498,306	465,541
Medical Physician Organization	1,713,310	-	1,713,310	1,525,818
Auxiliary enterprises (housing and dining allowance \$21,993 and \$24,645)	212,828	-	212,828	194,813
Educational activities and other sales and services	1 027 590		1 027 590	041 722
	1,027,580	(721 (05)	1,027,580	941,732
Net assets released from restrictions	731,605	(731,605)		
Total operating revenues and other support	6,243,561	5,124	6,248,685	5,758,363
Operating expenses (Note 11)				
Compensation and benefits	4,250,291	-	4,250,291	3,951,141
Supplies, services and other	1,410,142	-	1,410,142	1,378,482
Maintenance and facilities	231,055	-	231,055	216,456
Interest (note 9)	56,973	-	56,973	78,500
Depreciation	312,548	_	312,548	309,295
Total operating expenses	6,261,009	-	6,261,009	5,933,874
Change in net assets from operating				
activities	(17,448)	5,124	(12,324)	(175,511)
Non-operating revenues and (expenses)				
State appropriations for capital acquisitions Contributions for capital acquisitions,	41,640	-	41,640	27,924
trusts and endowments	-	273,602	273,602	258,126
Investment return, net of amount	211 (24	600.606	000 220	500.064
distributed	211,624	688,696	900,320	500,964
Change in value of split interest agreements	1,039	798	1,837	15,872
Pension and postretirement changes Swap interest and change in value of	(154,203)	-	(154,203)	3,834
interest rate swaps	(002.0(1)	- (1.1.42)	(005.104)	25,947
Other Net assets released for capital acquisitions and reclassifications	(883,961)	(1,143)	(885,104)	(169,016)
Change in net assets from non-operating	54,627	(54,627)		
activities	(729,234)	907,326	178,092	663,651
Change in net assets	(746,682)	912,450	165,768	488,140
Net assets, beginning of the year	4,056,351	10,469,915	14,526,266	14,038,126
Net assets, end of the year	\$ 3,309,669	\$11,382,365	\$ 14,692,034	\$ 14,526,266

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS-ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND JUNE 30, 2024 (in thousands)

	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 165,768	\$ 488,140
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets		
to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities		
Proceeds from contributions for capital acquisitions, trusts and endowments	(352,516)	(338,703)
Depreciation and amortization	280,555	293,011
Net realized and unrealized (gain)/loss on investments	(1,227,038)	(811,692)
Pension and postretirement changes	154,203	(3,834)
Change in unrealized (gain)/loss interest rate swaps	-	(26,116)
Loss on disposals of land, building, and equipment	8,018	432
Non-cash lease expense	22,183	7,806
State appropriations for capital acquisitions	(41,640)	(27,924)
Other adjustments	(18,674)	(12,576)
Change in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable, net, other than student loans	(54,165)	(78,348)
Contributions receivable, net	93,211	56,395
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(9,563)	(4,816)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(25,658)	(19,751)
Deferred revenue and other liabilities	876,024	244,240
Funds held in trust by others	(3,813)	(2,774)
Obligations under split interest agreements	4,130	(2,127)
Deferred benefits	(4,194)	(166)
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	(133,169)	(238,803)
Cash flows from investing activities	(11)	())
Proceeds from the sale and maturities of investments	7,629,928	5,427,612
Purchase of investments	(7,292,509)	(5,390,505)
Acquisition of land, buildings, and equipment	(523,436)	(504,143)
Student loans granted	(3,299)	(3,728)
Student loans repaid	8,609	9,029
Change in funds held for others, net of unrealized (gain)/loss on investments	15,232	(3,128)
Net cash provided/(used) by investing activities	(165,475)	(464,863)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from contributions for capital acquisitions, trusts and endowments	352,516	338,703
Proceeds from state appropriations for capital acquisitions	41,640	27,924
Principal payments of bonds, notes payable and finance leases	(38,894)	(738,394)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds and notes payable	133,479	1,269,517
Government advances for student loans	(1,985)	(2,836)
Net cash provided/(used) by financing activities	486,756	894,914
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	188,112	191,248
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	967,080	775,832
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,155,192	\$ 967,080
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash paid for interest	\$ 88,965	\$ 94,659
Increase/(decrease) in construction payables, non-cash activity	\$ (26,803)	\$ 24,545
Right-of-use assets acquired under finance leases	\$ (20,803)	\$ 4,728
Right-of-use assets acquired under operating leases	\$ 76,978	\$ 145,858
Gifts-in-kind	\$ 6,780	\$ 11,329
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements	ψ 0,700	Ψ 11,32)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Organization

Founded in 1865, Cornell University ("the University") is dedicated to a mission of learning, discovery, and engagement. Cornell is a private university, the federal land-grant institution of New York State, and a member of the Ivy League. Cornell administers four contract colleges, which the University operates on behalf of the State University of New York and the results of their operations are included in the consolidated financial statements. Described as the first truly American university because of its founders' revolutionary egalitarian and practical vision of higher education, the University is dedicated to its land-grant mission of outreach and public engagement. Cornell's community includes nearly 28,300 students, over 4,900 faculty, and approximately 324,600 alumni who live and work across the globe.

The University comprises nine undergraduate units and four graduate and professional colleges and schools in Ithaca, New York; two medical graduate and professional units, together with its physician organization, collectively referred to as "Weill Cornell Medicine" or "WCM", in New York City, and "Weill Cornell Medicine - Qatar" in Doha, Qatar. The Cornell Tech campus, also in New York City, offers graduate programs in applied sciences, including three programs offered jointly with the Technion - Israel Institute of Technology under the auspices of the Joan and Irwin Jacobs Technion-Cornell Institute.

The University is subject to the common administrative authority and control of the Cornell University Board of Trustees. The University is prohibited from using funds attributable to the contract colleges (i.e., those colleges operated by the University on behalf of New York State) for other units of the University. Except as specifically required by law, the contract and endowed colleges at Ithaca, Cornell Tech, and WCM are, to the extent practicable, governed by common management principles and policies determined at the private discretion of the University. In addition to the activities of the endowed and contract colleges, the activities of the University's subsidiaries and certain affiliated organizations are included in the consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The University classifies net assets into two categories based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u> are free of explicit donor-imposed restrictions. All revenues, gains, and losses that are not restricted by donors are included in this classification. All operating expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restrictions.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u> are subject to explicit donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by actions of the University or the passage of time. These net assets include gifts and appropriations from the endowment that can be expended, but for which the donors' purpose restrictions have not yet been met, as well as net assets with explicit or implied time restrictions,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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such as pledges and split-interest agreements. Expiration of donor restrictions is reported in the consolidated statements of activities as a reclassification from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions on the net assets released from restriction lines.

The University's measure of operations as presented in the consolidated statements of activities includes revenue and expenses related primarily to educational and training programs, research activities, contributions for operating programs, allocation of endowment spending for operations, medical services, and other revenues.

The University's non-operating activity within the consolidated statements of activities includes grants, contracts and appropriations for capital acquisition; contributions to the endowment and for building construction and renovation; investment returns net of endowment spending for operations and other activities related to the endowment; swap interest and change in value of interest rate swaps; changes in benefit plan obligations, excluding benefits earned during the period; and certain other nonrecurring items.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses during the reporting period. Management's assumptions are related primarily to the appropriate inputs and discount rate for fair-value calculations, the discount rate for pension and postretirement benefit obligations, allowances for doubtful accounts and implicit price concessions, self-insured risks, investments valued using net asset value as the practical expedient, measurement and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

C. Income Taxes

The University is a not-for-profit organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. It is generally exempt from income taxes on related income under the appropriate sections of the Internal Revenue Code. In accordance with the accounting standards, the University evaluates its income tax position each fiscal year to determine whether the position is more likely than not to be sustained if examined by the applicable taxing authority. Based on this review, the University does not believe there would be any material impact on the consolidated financial statements for uncertain tax positions.

D. Fair-Value Hierarchy

The University values certain financial assets and liabilities, on a recurring basis, following a hierarchy that categorizes and prioritizes the sources used to measure and disclose fair value. Fair value is defined as the price associated with an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This fair-value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on inputs that market participants would use in valuing the financial instruments, which is based on market data obtained from sources independent of the University. The hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value, and the primary valuation methodologies used by the University for assets and liabilities measured at fair value, are disclosed below.

The fair value of Level 1 securities is based upon quoted prices in accessible active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Fair value is readily determinable based on quoted prices in active

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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markets. Market price data is generally obtained from exchange or dealer markets. The University does not adjust the quoted price for such assets and liabilities, even when it holds a significant position and a sale of all its holdings could reasonably impact the quoted price. Level 1 investments consist of short-term investments, equity, and fixed-income securities with observable market prices. Unsettled trade receivable and payable valuations reflect cash settlements after the fiscal year-end and are also categorized as Level 1.

The fair value of Level 2 securities is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data. Inputs are obtained from various sources, including market participants, dealers, and brokers. The University's custodian secures pricing for these assets. In determining the fair value of financial instruments, the University considers such factors as interest-rate yield curves, duration of the instrument, and counterparty credit risk. Investments classified as Level 2 include short-term investments, domestic and foreign equities, and fixed income securities that trade in markets that are not considered to be active. The fair value of derivative investments is based on market prices from the financial institution that is the counterparty to the derivative.

The fair value of Level 3 securities is based upon valuation techniques that use significant unobservable inputs because they trade infrequently or not at all. The inputs into determining fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstance and may require significant management judgment. Investments included in Level 3 consist primarily of the University's ownership in real estate, oil and mineral rights, limited partnerships, and equity positions in private companies.

Inputs used in applying the various valuation techniques refer to the assumptions that are used to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. A financial instrument's level within the fair-value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair-value measurement. The University considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, reliable, and provided by independent sources. The categorization of a financial instrument within the fair-value hierarchy is, therefore, based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and does not correspond to the University's perceived risk of that instrument.

The University uses net asset value ("NAV") per share, or its equivalent, to estimate the fair values of certain investments. As a practical expedient, the University uses its ownership interest in the NAV to determine the fair value of all alternative investments that do not have a readily determinable fair value and that have financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment company or the attributes of an investment company. The NAV of these investments is determined by the general partner. It is based on appraisals or other estimates that require varying degrees of judgment. If no public market exists for the investment securities, the general partner will take into consideration, among other things, the cost of the securities, prices of recent significant placements of securities of the same issuer, and subsequent developments concerning the companies to which the securities relate. The University has performed significant due diligence around these investments to determine that the NAV is an

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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appropriate measure of fair value as of June 30. Investments that are measured at fair value using NAV per share as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy and are shown as a separate column in the fair value leveling table.

Equity method investments include certain other investments that are accounted for using the equity method. These investments are structured as joint ventures where the University holds a percent ownership and are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. Instead, they are reported separately below the fair value hierarchy table to reconcile total investments to the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in bank accounts, money market funds, and other temporary investments held for working capital purposes with an original maturity term of ninety days or less. The carrying amount of cash equivalents approximates fair value because of their short terms of maturity. Short-term highly liquid investments held within the University's investment portfolio are classified as short-term investments rather than cash equivalents and restricted cash, which is defined as legally restricted to withdrawal and usage.

F. Investments

The University's investments are recorded in the consolidated financial statements at fair value. The values of publicly traded securities are based on quoted market prices and exchange rates, if applicable. The fair value of non-marketable securities is generally based on valuations provided by external investment managers. These investments are generally less liquid than other investments.

Investment income is recorded on an accrual basis. Purchases and sales of investment securities are reflected on a trade date basis. Realized gains and losses are calculated using average cost for securities sold.

Investment return, distributed included in operating revenues and other support consists of amounts appropriated by the Board of Trustees from the pooled endowment, as well as income and realized gains and losses on investments from working capital and non-pooled endowments and similar funds. Any difference between total return and amounts appropriated from the pooled endowment, and income and realized gains reinvested per donor restrictions is reported as non-operating activities.

G. Derivative Instruments

The University has approved the use of derivatives by outside investment managers, based on investment guidelines negotiated when a manager is appointed. The derivatives are used to adjust fixed-income durations and rates, create synthetic exposures to certain types of investments, hedge foreign currency fluctuations as well as adjust or hedge equity exposures. The value of these derivative positions is reflected in the net asset value of the respective fund. The change in the fair value of a derivative instrument held for investment is included in the non-operating investment return in the consolidated statements of activities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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In addition, the University has held other derivatives to manage its exposure to interest-rate risk related to its current or future long-term debt. These instruments are recorded at fair value as prepaid or accrued expenses in the consolidated statements of financial position. Swap interest and change in fair value are recorded as non-operating activities in the consolidated statements of activities.

Derivatives involve counterparty credit exposure. The University minimizes this exposure and manages counterparty risks by limiting swap exposure for each counterparty and monitoring the financial health of swap counterparties. The University has structured swap documents to limit maximum loss in the event of counterparty default.

H. Endowments

The responsibility for accepting, preserving, and managing those funds entrusted to the University rests, by law, with the Board of Trustees; however, the Trustees have delegated authority for investment decisions to the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees. The Investment Committee determines investment policy, objectives, and guidelines, including allocation of assets between classes of investments.

The University's investment objective for its endowment assets is to maximize total return within reasonable risk parameters, specifically to achieve a total return, net of expenses, of at least five percent above inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index over a full market cycle (typically five to ten years) for all current assets and any future contributions. The achievement of favorable investment returns enables the University to distribute over time increasing amounts from the endowment, so that present and future needs can be treated equitably in inflation-adjusted terms. Diversification is a key component of the University's standard for managing and investing endowment funds, and asset allocation targets are subject to ongoing reviews by the Investment Committee.

The University applies the "prudent person" standard when deciding whether to appropriate or accumulate endowment funds and considers the following factors: the duration and preservation of the endowment fund; the purposes of the institution and the endowment fund; the general economic conditions, including the potential effect of inflation or deflation; the expected total return of the fund; other resources of the University; the needs of the University and the fund to make distributions and preserve capital; and the University's investment policy.

The Board authorizes a total annual payout distribution from endowment funds within a target range of 4.4 percent of a twenty-eight-quarter rolling average of the unit fair value, plus or minus 0.75 percent. The Trustees may occasionally make step adjustments, either incremental or decremental, based on prior investment performance, current market conditions, or any of the factors for prudent judgment described above. Total distributions, or spending, are presented as investment return, distributed, on the consolidated statements of activities, and includes endowment payout and an administrative fee, net of direct investment expenses, that supports the investment and stewardship costs of the University endowment.

The New York Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("NYPMIFA") established a requirement related to appropriations from endowments for which the fair value falls below the historic dollar value ("underwater"). In compliance with NYPMIFA, the University notified

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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available donors, who had established endowments before September 17, 2010, of the new law. It offered these donors the option of requiring the University to maintain historical dollar value for their endowment funds. A minority of donors requested this option; for those who did, the University has designed procedures to ensure that the University maintains historical dollar value by not expending the payout on any underwater fund.

I. Split-Interest Agreements and Funds Held in Trust by Others

The University's split-interest agreements with donors consist primarily of charitable gift annuities, pooled income funds, and charitable trusts for which the University serves as trustee. Assets held in trust are either separately invested or included in the University's investment pools in accordance with the agreements. Contributions of split-interest agreements, net of related liabilities, increase net assets with donor restrictions. Liabilities associated with charitable gift annuities and charitable trusts represent the present value of the expected payments to the beneficiaries based on the terms of the agreements. Pooled income funds are recognized at the net present value of the net assets expected at a future date. Gains or losses resulting from changes in fair value, changes in assumptions, and amortization of discount are recorded as changes in value of split-interest agreements in the appropriate restriction categories in the non-operating section of the consolidated statements of activities.

Funds held in trust by others represent resources that are not in the possession or under the control of the University. These funds are administered by outside trustees, with the University receiving income or residual interest. Funds held in trust by others are recognized when the irrevocable trust is established or the University is notified of its existence at the estimated fair value of assets or the present value of future cash flows due to the University. Gains or losses resulting from changes in fair value are recorded as non-operating activities in the consolidated statements of activities.

J. Land, Buildings, and Equipment, Net

Land, buildings, and equipment are stated in the consolidated statements of financial position at cost on the date of acquisition or at fair value on the date of donation, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset and is reflected as an operating expense. Useful lives range from three to fifteen years for equipment and ten to one hundred years for buildings and improvements. Expenditures associated with the construction of new facilities are recorded as construction in progress until the projects are completed.

The University's collections of art, books, and other property have been acquired through purchases and contributions since the University's inception. They are recognized as capital assets and are reflected, net of accumulated depreciation, in the consolidated statements of financial position. A collection received as a gift is recorded at fair value as an increase in net assets in the year in which it is received.

K. Leases

The University determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at a contract's inception. A contract is determined to be or contain a lease if the contract conveys the right to

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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control the use of identified property, plant, or equipment (an identified asset) in exchange for consideration. The University determines these assets are leased because the University has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from and the right to direct the use of the identified asset. Assets in which the supplier or lessor has the practical ability, the right to substitute alternative assets for the identified asset and would benefit economically from the exercise of its right to substitute the asset are not considered to be or contain a lease, because the University determines it does not have the right to control and direct the use of the identified asset. The University's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

In evaluating its contracts, the University separately identifies lease and non-lease components, such as common area and other maintenance costs, for its office buildings, apartments, and vehicles. The University has elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components and classifies the contract as a lease if consideration in the contract allocated to the lease component is greater than the consideration allocated to the non-lease component.

Leases result in recognition of right of use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position. ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease, measured on a discounted basis. The University determines lease classification as operating or finance at the lease commencement date. ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating and finance leases are included in the consolidated statements of financial position and presented separately based on the classification of the underlying lease arrangement.

At lease inception, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The ROU asset equals the lease liability adjusted for any initial direct costs, prepaid or deferred rent, and lease incentives. For the initial and subsequent measurement of all lease liabilities, the discount rate is based on the rate implied within the lease or on the University's incremental borrowing rate using a period comparable with the lease term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease that the University is reasonably certain to exercise. Operating lease expense is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

L. Revenue

Tuition and fees

Tuition and mandatory fees revenue is recognized as the educational services are provided, which is generally within the fiscal year. Institutional financial aid (i.e., scholarship allowance) reduces the published price of tuition for students receiving such aid. Payments received in advance for summer session courses for credit toward a degree are recorded as deferred revenue.

State and Federal Appropriations

Revenue primarily consists of annual New York State appropriations through the legislative process and federal funding to Land Grant institutions via the Hatch, Smith-Lever, and other Acts in support of the contract colleges, and it is recognized over the fiscal year. This funding is considered a nonreciprocal conditional transaction with donor imposed restrictions.

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Condition(s) and restrictions are met in the same year and revenue is recorded within net assets without donor restrictions.

Grants and Contracts

Revenue under grants, contracts, and similar agreements comprise federal and non-federal (e.g., state, private foundation) grants and contracts. The funding may represent a reciprocal transaction in exchange for a commensurate benefit in return, or it may be a nonreciprocal transaction in which the resources provided are for the benefit of the University, the funding organization's mission, or the public at large. All federal grants and non-federal grants with similar restrictions on spending are conditional, and revenue is recognized when expenditures are incurred. When the condition(s) and restrictions are met within the same year, revenue is recorded within net assets without donor restrictions. Unconditional non-exchange revenue is recognized in full when the contribution is received or a qualifying promise to give has been made, generally when the agreement is finalized. Revenues from exchange transactions are recognized as performance obligations are satisfied, whether milestones are achieved or related costs are incurred. Amounts received in advance for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met are recorded as deferred revenues.

Grants, contracts, and similar agreements typically provide for reimbursement of indirect costs based on predetermined rates negotiated with the University's cognizant federal agency or separately negotiated with a non-federal sponsor. Indirect cost recoveries on federally sponsored programs, such as the recovery of facilities and administrative (F&A) costs, are normally at reimbursement rates negotiated with the University's cognizant agency, the Department of Health and Human Services. The University has entered into agreements with the federal government that define the predetermined rates at which the University can be reimbursed for F&A costs applicable to federal awards through June 30, 2026 (Ithaca campus) and June 30, 2027 (Weill Cornell Medicine).

Additional information regarding grant and contract revenue is presented below.

GRANTS, CONTRACTS AND SIMILAR AGREEMENTS

	Exchange	Non	-Exchange	2025 Total
Federal	\$ 28,076	\$	808,401	\$ 836,477
State and local	50,576		24,855	75,431
Private	239,869		76,827	316,696
Total Grants, contracts and similar agreements	\$ 318,521	\$	910,083	\$ 1,228,604
	Exchange	Non	-Exchange	2024 Total
Federal	\$ 31,931	\$	793,651	\$ 825,582
State and local	47,297		23,440	70,737
Private	240,317		66,685	307,002
Total Grants, contracts and similar agreements	\$ 319,545	\$	883,776	\$ 1,203,321

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Federal revenue is primarily nonreciprocal and conditional. A significant portion of private revenue is received for the benefit of Weill Cornell Medicine - Qatar, which operates under an agreement between Cornell University and the Qatar Foundation. On June 30, 2025, the University has unrecorded conditional agreements of \$1,848,785.

Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give (pledges), are recognized as revenues in the appropriate category of net assets in the period received. A pledge is recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows, based on an appropriate discount rate determined by management at the time of the contribution. Amortization of this discount in subsequent years is included in contribution revenue. A contribution of assets other than cash is recorded at its estimated fair value on the contribution date. Contributions for capital projects, endowments, and similar funds are reported as non-operating revenues.

The presence of both a barrier and a right of return make a contribution conditional. Conditional promises to give to the University are not recognized until the conditions are satisfied. Net assets with donor restrictions include contributions to the University and to the Cornell University Foundation (the "Foundation"), an affiliated entity that is included in the consolidated financial statements. The Foundation maintains a donor-advised fund for which the donors can make recommendations to the fund's trustees regarding distributions to the University or other charitable organizations. Distributions from the Foundation to external charitable organizations are recorded as non-operating expenses.

Medical Physician Organization

The Medical Physician Organization ("MPO") provides the management structure for the practice of medicine for all WCM physicians at the academic medical center and various clinical practice sites throughout New York City and surrounding areas. MPO revenue represents patient care and management service agreement fees. In addition to generating clinical practice revenue, MPO members may provide instruction and conduct research activities.

MPO patient care revenue is consideration received in exchange for clinical health care services provided to patients. The patient is the customer, regardless of the payor. The contract with the patient exists when the parties have approved the contract for clinical health care services either in writing, verbally or implicitly, based on the MPO's customary business practice. Outpatient revenues are recognized as the service is provided.

For Medicare, Medicaid, and commercial payors, the transaction price is the amount the MPO expects to be entitled to under the contract, including explicit price concessions. For self-pay, deductibles, and co-payments, the transaction price is reduced by implicit price concessions, including estimates of uncollectible amounts. These estimates are based on policies and customary business practices of providing service regardless of the ability to pay, combined with historical collection rates.

The MPO uses a portfolio approach to account for categories of patient contracts rather than recognizing revenue on an individual contract basis. The contracts are categorized and grouped based on the service provided, the payor, and the service location. Based on historical collection

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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trends and other analyses, the MPO believes that revenue recognized using the portfolio approach approximates the revenue that would have been recognized had an individual contract approach been used.

Revenue from management service agreement fees is consideration received in exchange for services provided to external healthcare providers. Under terms of these contractual arrangements, WCM physicians provide services such as patient care or supervision and teaching of medical staff. The agreements are typically for a one-year term, and consideration is a fixed amount. Revenue is recognized throughout the fiscal year as services are rendered.

Additional information regarding MPO revenue is presented below.

MEDICAL PHYSICIAN ORGANIZATION REVENUE

	2025	2024
Outpatient Services		
Commercial	\$ 917,698	\$ 819,490
Government	145,120	130,817
Patient	88,343	83,421
Other	158,606	156,882
	1,309,767	1,190,610
Management Service Agreements	403,543	335,208
Total	\$1,713,310	\$1,525,818

Auxiliary enterprises

Auxiliary enterprises support the educational experience of students, and include housing, dining, conference services, and the campus store. Housing and dining revenues are recognized over the course of the academic year and campus store and conference services revenue is recognized at the time of the transaction.

Educational Activities and Other Sales and Services

Educational activities and other sales and services represent revenue from operations related to the University's mission. These activities are managed like commercial entities. The largest component of this category is consideration received by WCM from New York-Presbyterian Hospital ("NYPH") in exchange for providing personnel, space, and other services. The revenue is billed based upon an approved annual joint budget and actual costs incurred. WCM recognizes revenue throughout the fiscal year as services are rendered to NYPH and accrues for any unbilled services as of June 30.

Educational activities and other sales and services also include activities such as royalties, transportation, parking, testing labs, teaching hotel, non-degree/non-credit course revenue, and athletics. These activities comprise exchange transactions with customers, which may be recognized at a specific point in time or over the period of the contract, depending on when the customer derives the benefit. Amounts received in advance are recorded as deferred revenues.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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M. Comparative Financial Information

The consolidated statements of activities includes prior-year information in summary form rather than by restriction class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation of prior-year data in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the University's consolidated financial statements for the prior fiscal year from which the summarized information was derived.

N. Accounting Pronouncements

There were no new accounting pronouncements adopted by the University during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

O. Reclassifications

Certain June 30, 2024, balances and amounts previously reported have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2025, presentation.

2. LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for general expenditure within one year of June 30 are as follows:

LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

	2025	2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,155,192	\$ 967,080
Accounts receivable, net, due within one year	632,220	568,772
Contributions receivable available for operations, net, due within one year	132,078	143,421
Endowment payout for subsequent year	385,015	 353,226
Financial assets available within one year	\$ 2,304,505	\$ 2,032,499

In addition, the University had \$1,825,491 and \$1,729,308 in funds functioning as endowment (FFE) as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. These represent unrestricted operating funds that the University has internally designated. These could be liquidated over time, if necessary, to support operations.

The University manages its financial assets to be available as its operating expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. The University's cash flows have seasonal variations during the year primarily attributable to tuition billing and a concentration of contributions received at the calendar and fiscal year-end.

As of June 30, 2025, the University maintained five lines of credit totaling \$450 million with \$100 million expiring July 2025, \$125 million expiring February 2026, \$100 million expiring in August 2026, \$25 million expiring January 2027, and \$100 million expiring June 2027. There were no outstanding borrowings under these agreements.

As of June 30, 2024, the University maintained four lines of credit totaling \$350 million with \$100 million expiring July 2025, \$125 million expiring February 2026, \$25 million expiring January 2027, and \$100 million expiring June 2027. There were no outstanding borrowings under these agreements.

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In addition, the University has a taxable commercial paper program with an undrawn available balance of \$778.5 million as of June 30, 2025, and \$201.7 million as of June 30, 2024.

3. RECEIVABLES

A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable from the following sources were outstanding as of June 30:

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2025	2024
Grants and contracts	\$ 255,763	\$ 223,972
New York-Presbyterian Hospital and other affiliates	129,319	110,931
Patients and payors	126,766	113,517
Reinsurance receivable	200,905	210,188
Federal revolving student loans	5,128	7,258
Institutional student loans	25,079	29,579
Student accounts	34,120	23,116
Other	86,252	97,236
Net accounts receivable	\$ 863,332	\$ 815,797

The University's receivables are reviewed and monitored for aging and other factors that affect collectability. Receivables are reduced by an allowance for credit losses of \$40,756 and \$44,535 at June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The University measures the expected credit losses on a collective (pool) basis, separating the accounts receivable by type based on similar risk characteristics. Management quantifies the loss rate based on historical collection experience, adjusted for management's expectations about current and future economic conditions.

The accounts receivable from patients and payors for medical services comprises the following on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively: commercial third parties and other 79.0 percent and 79.7 percent; federal and state government 16.5 percent and 15.6 percent; and patients 4.5 percent and 4.7 percent. Note 13 provides additional information related to the reinsurance receivable.

Other accounts receivable include receivables from other government agencies, matured bequests, and other operating activities.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

B. Contributions Receivable

Unconditional promises to give, or pledges, are recorded in the consolidated financial statements at the present value using discount rates ranging from 1.2 percent to 5.0 percent. The methodology for estimating uncollectible amounts is based on an analysis of the historical collectability of contributions receivable. Contributions are expected to be realized as follows:

SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

	2025		2024
Less than one year	\$ 280,667	\$	294,307
Between one and five years	325,276		383,128
More than five years	47,165		90,663
Gross contributions receivable	\$ 653,108	\$	768,098
Less: unamortized discount	(51,155)		(59,033)
Less: allowance for uncollectible amounts	(18,059)		(24,817)
Net contributions receivable	\$ 583,894	\$	684,248

Contributions receivable as of June 30 are intended for the following purposes:

EXPECTED PURPOSE OF CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

	2025		2024
Program support	\$ 271,306	\$	287,081
Capital purposes	35,477		64,667
Long-term support	277,111		332,500
Net contributions receivable	\$ 583,894	\$	684,248

On June 30, 2025, conditional promises not reflected in the consolidated financial statements, which consist primarily of bequest intentions and conditional promises with unfulfilled requirements, were \$1,337,587. When conditional promises to give or bequests become unconditional, they are recorded and generally will be restricted for long-term support, program support, and capital projects as stipulated by the donors.

4. INVESTMENTS

A. General Information

The University's investments are overseen by the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees. The University's investment strategy incorporates a diversified asset allocation approach and maintains, within defined limits, exposure to the movements of the world equity, fixed income, commodities, real estate, and private equity markets. Based on guidelines established by the Investment Committee, the University's Investment Office directs the investment of endowment and trust assets, and temporarily invested expendable funds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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The University maintains a number of investment pools or categories for specific purposes as follows:

INVESTMENT POOLS/CATEGORIES AT FAIR VALUE

	2025	2024
Long-term investments (LTI)		
Long-term investment pool (LTIP)	\$10,935,526	\$ 9,933,939
Other LTI	815,766	724,231
Total LTI	\$11,751,292	\$10,658,170
Separately invested and other assets	661,275	852,338
Total investments	\$12,412,567	\$11,510,508

The Long-term investments (LTI) portfolio is overseen by the University Investment Office. The LTI primarily consists of the long-term investment pool (LTIP), which is the University's unitized endowment pool and holds the majority of endowment funds. Additional information on the LTIP is disclosed within Note 12B. Other LTI represents invested long-term working capital and certain gift funds. Separately invested and other assets reflect investments managed outside of the LTI.

Total earnings on the University's investment portfolio for the fiscal years ended June 30 is presented in the following table:

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT RETURN

	2025		2024
Interest and dividends, net of investment fees	\$ 171,588	\$	154,813
Net realized gain/(loss)	793,810		510,937
Net unrealized gain/(loss)	 433,228		300,755
Total investment return	\$ 1,398,626	\$	966,505

Total investment return equals investment return, distributed plus investment return, net of amount distributed recorded on the consolidated statements of activities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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B. Fair Value

The University's investment holdings as of June 30, categorized in accordance with the fair-value hierarchy, are summarized in the following tables:

INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Net	2025
	fair value	fair value	fair value	asset value	Total
Short-term investments	\$ 795,227	\$ 4,486	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 799,713
Derivatives	-	24,061	-	-	24,061
Equity					
Domestic equity	633,752	460,556	151	-	1,094,459
Foreign equity	628,293	371,927	5,597	532,306	1,538,123
Hedged equity	-	-	675	-	675
Private equity	-	-	125,738	3,121,566	3,247,304
Fixed income					
Asset backed fixed income	-	8,476	-	-	8,476
Corporate bonds	-	23,491	-	-	23,491
Equity partnership	-	-	-	901,775	901,775
International	-	4,612	-	-	4,612
Municipals	-	1,919	-	-	1,919
Mutual funds (non-equity)	6,227	3,362	-	-	9,589
Preferred/convertible	17	-	1,059	-	1,076
Other fixed income	-	-	-	-	-
US government	513,539	37,405	-	-	550,944
Marketable alternatives	-	-	-	2,268,752	2,268,752
Diversifying assets	-	-	-	295,445	295,445
Real assets	32,464	34,003	11,947	1,458,303	1,536,717
Receivable for investments sold	22,781	-	-	-	22,781
Payable for investments purchased	(56,358)	-	-	-	(56,358)
Other			21,585	9,400	30,985
Total	\$2,575,942	\$ 974,298	\$ 166,752	\$ 8,587,547	\$12,304,539
				Equity method	108,028
				Total investments	\$12,412,567

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INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Net	2024
	fair value	fair value	fair value	asset value	Total
Short-term investments	\$ 741,314	\$ 3,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 744,394
Derivatives	-	6,889	-	-	6,889
Equity					
Domestic equity	517,924	339,330	149	-	857,403
Foreign equity	519,756	296,330	1,219	472,581	1,289,886
Hedged equity	-	-	538	-	538
Private equity	-	-	123,026	2,833,358	2,956,384
Fixed income					
Asset backed fixed income	-	8,699	-	-	8,699
Corporate bonds	-	20,233	-	-	20,233
Equity partnership	-	-	-	894,172	894,172
International	-	5,354	-	-	5,354
M unicip als	-	2,164	-	-	2,164
Mutual funds (non-equity)	7,560	5,554	-	-	13,114
Preferred/convertible	3,422	-	1,067	-	4,489
Other fixed income	-	201	-	-	201
US government	663,540	35,654	-	-	699,194
Marketable alternatives	-	95,847	-	1,984,267	2,080,114
Diversifying assets	-	-	-	266,721	266,721
Real assets	34,801	25,671	17,502	1,456,785	1,534,759
Receivable for investments sold	12,276	-	-	-	12,276
Payable for investments purchased	(14,137)	-	-	-	(14,137)
Other			25,699	 5,883	31,582
Total	\$2,486,456	\$ 845,006	\$ 169,200	\$ 7,913,767	\$11,414,429

Equity method 96,079
Total investments \$11,510,508

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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C. Investments Using Net Asset Value

The following tables provide additional information about alternative investments measured at NAV as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively:

SUMMARY OF ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS MEASURED USING NET ASSET VALUE

2025				
		TT 0 1 1	Timing to	
Asset class	NAV in funds	Unfunded commitments	draw commitments	Redemption terms*
Private equity	\$ 3,121,566	\$ 766,165	1 to 10 years	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed
Real assets	1,458,303	447,186	1 to 10 years	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed
Fixed income	901,775	278,217	1 to 10 years	No redemptions available for funds in a private equity structure; balance includes 3.7% available daily, 10.6% within 7 to 15 days, 1.4% monthly with 30 days notice, 9.1% 1-year redemptions with 90-days notice, 4.1% available within 2-5 years
Foreign equity	532,306	None	N.A.	Ranges between thrice-monthly redemption with 2-days notice, to rolling 3-year redemption with 90-days notice
Marketable alternatives	2,268,752	20,000	1 to 10 years	Ranges between quarterly redemption with 30 days notice to annual redemptions with 60-90 days notice
Diversifying assets	295,445	79,635	1 to 10 years	No redemptions available for funds in a private equity structure; balance includes 16.3% available within 7 to 15 days, 14.6% monthly with 30 days notice, 32.2% quarterly with 90 days notice
Other	9,400	None	N.A.	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed
Total	\$ 8,587,547	\$ 1,591,203		

^{*} Represents initial investment lock up restriction. No other material redemption restrictions, such as redemption gates, were in place at year end.

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		Unfunded	Timing to draw	
Asset class	NAV in funds	commitments	commitments	Redemption terms*
Private equity	\$ 2,833,358	\$ 717,218	1 to 10 years	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed
Real assets	1,456,785	481,622	1 to 10 years	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed
Fixed income	894,172	249,074	1 to 10 years	No redemptions available for funds in a private equity structure; balance includes 3.4% available daily, 9.7% within 7 to 15 days, 4.8% monthly with 30 days notice 7.0% 1-year redemptions with 90-days notice, 4.3% available within 2-5 years
Foreign equity	472,581	None	N.A.	Ranges between thrice-monthly redemption with 2-days notice, to rolling 3-year redemption with 90-days notice
Marketable alternatives	1,984,267	6,558	1 to 10 years	Ranges between quarterly redemption with 30 days notice to annual redemptions with 60-90 days notice
Diversifying assets	266,721	120,603	1 to 10 years	No redemptions available for funds in a private equity structure; balance includes 18.8% available within 7 to 15 days, 17.6% monthly with 30 days notice, 40.7% quarterly with 90 days notice
Other	5,883	None	N.A.	Unknown - These funds are in private structures, with no ability to be redeemed

^{*} Represents initial investment lock up restriction. No other material redemption restrictions, such as redemption gates, were in place at year end.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

D. Level 3 Investments

The tables below present a summary of Level 3 investment activity. All net realized and unrealized gains/(losses) in the tables are reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities. Net unrealized gains/(losses) relate to those financial instruments held by the University on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, transfers into Level 3 and out of Level 1 include \$1,995 of foreign equity. The transfers were a result of a change in observable inputs used in the pricing methodology. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, transfers out of Level 3 and into Level 1 include \$113 of other investments. The transfers were a result of a change in observable inputs used in the pricing methodology.

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SUMMARY OF LEVEL 3 I	NVESTMENT ACTIVITY

	Fair value					Transfers			
	at June 30,	Realized	Unrealized			in/(out) of	Fair value at		
	2024	gain/(loss)	gain/(loss)	Purchases	Sales	Level 3	June 30, 2025		
Equity									
Domestic equity	\$ 149	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 151		
Foreign equity	1,219	2,063	(184)	2,566	(2,062)	1,995	5,597		
Hedged equity	538	-	137	-	-	-	675		
Private equity	123,026	438	(2,520)	5,278	(484)	-	125,738		
Fixed income									
Preferred/convertible	1,067	-	(4)	-	(4)	-	1,059		
Real assets	17,502	319	(3,670)	-	(2,204)	-	11,947		
Other	25,699	4,576	(4,040)	3,526	(8,176)	-	21,585		
Total level 3 investments	\$169,200	\$ 7,396	\$ (10,279)	\$ 11,370	\$ (12,930)	\$ 1,995	\$ 166,752		

SUMMARY OF LEVEL 3 INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

	Fair value									T	ransfers		
	at June 30,	R	Realized		Unrealized					in/	(out) of	Fa	air value at
	2023	gai	gain/(loss)		gain/(loss)		Purchases		Sales	Level 3		June 30, 2024	
Equity													_
Domestic equity	\$ 209	\$	-	\$	(60)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149
Foreign equity	1,177		(349)		452		-		(61)		-		1,219
Hedged equity	515		-		23 -			-		-	538		
Private equity	102,926		-	1	13,424		6,676		-		-		123,026
Fixed income													
Preferred/convertible	1,164		4		(97)		-		(4)		-		1,067
Real assets	18,042		69	((1,172)		997		(434)		_		17,502
Other	22,270		_		856		2,686				(113)		25,699
Total level 3 investments	\$ 146,303	\$	(276)	\$ 1	3,426	\$	10,359	\$	(499)	\$	(113)	\$	169,200

Level 3 equities not priced by qualified third parties (e.g., brokers, pricing services) are valued using discounted cash flows, considering various factors including nonperformance risk, counterparty risk, and marketability. Investment value is also derived using a market approach through comparison to recent and relevant market multiples of comparable companies. Start-up

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assets, held by the University's student-run venture fund or other similar programs, are maintained at or near initial investment amounts due to the nature of the activity.

Level 3 asset-backed fixed-income investments are valued using discounted cash flows. Preferred or convertible fixed-income investments are valued using discounted cash flows or a market approach using a dividend multiplier.

Level 3 real assets represent directly owned real estate and oil or mineral rights. To the extent feasible, third-party appraisals are used to value real estate directly owned by the University. If current appraisals are not available, fair value is based on the capitalization rate valuation model or discounted cash flow, corroborated by local market data, if available. Oil and mineral rights are valued based on industry-standard revenue multiplier methodologies or discounted cash flows.

The following table provides additional information related to the valuation of the investments classified by the University as Level 3.

QUANTITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

2025					
		Level 3			Range (weighted
	fair value ^a		Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	average) ^b
Equity	\$	42,279	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Discount for lack of	6.8% - 7.7% (7.0%)
				marketability	0%-20% (5.9%)
Fixed income		957	Market comparable	Dividend multiple	15.1x - 15.7x (15.3x)
Real assets		511	Sales comparison approach	Recent transactions	
		6,133	Cap rate valuation model	Capitalization rate	6.2%
		1,619	Income approach	Annual multiple	5.0x
Other		2,240	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	4.3% - 5.3% (4.5%)
				Years to maturity	4.9 - 14 (5.7)
Total	\$	53,739			

⁽a) Certain Level 3 assets totaling \$113,013 as of June 30, 2025, have been valued at cost or using unadjusted third party quotations and thus have been excluded from this table.

⁽b) Unobservable inputs were weighted by the relative fair value of the instruments

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QUANTITATIVE INFORMATION ABOUT LEVEL 3 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

2024					
		Level 3			Range (weighted
	f	air value a	Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	average) ^b
Equity	\$	37,004	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.1% - 7.5% (7.4%)
				Discount for lack of marketability	0%-20% (6.8%)
Fixed income		1,003	Market comparable	Dividend multiple	15.8x - 16.5x (16.0x)
Real assets		559	Sales comparison approach	Recent transactions	
		9,673	Cap rate valuation model	Capitalization rate	5.8%
		1,646	Income approach	Annual multiple	5.0x
Other		9,858	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	4.2% - 5.3% (4.9%)
				Years to maturity	1 - 14 (2.4)
Total	\$	59,743			

⁽a) Certain Level 3 assets totaling \$109,457 as of June 30, 2024, have been valued at cost or using unadjusted third party quotations and thus have been excluded from this table.

The methods described above may produce a fair-value calculation that is not indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the University believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, using different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

E. Derivative Holdings

The use of certain financial derivative instruments is governed by either the University's written investment policy, specific manager guidelines, or partnership or fund agreement documents. Specifically, financial derivative instruments may be used to manage foreign currency exposure, obtain commodity exposure, create synthetic exposure, or obtain protection against increases in interest rates. These derivatives, based on definitions in GAAP, are not designated as hedging instruments.

⁽b) Unobservable inputs were weighted by the relative fair value of the instruments

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

The following table provides detailed information on the derivatives included in the investment portfolio as of June 30.

FAIR VALUE OF DERIVATIVE HOLDINGS IN STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

				2025			2024						
Location	Derivative type	Notional amount		# of Contracts		Fair value				# of Contracts		Fair value	
Investments													
	Foreign currency	\$	-	2	21	\$	(146)	\$	-	27	\$	(125)	
	Commodity		210,065	ϵ	53		(868)		311,596	66		(3,629)	
	Synthetic	1	,472,202	1	0		25,075		1,441,451	18		10,643	
Total fair val	lue	\$ 1	,682,267	9	94	\$	24,061	\$	1,753,047	111	\$	6,889	

5. LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT, NET

A. General Information

Land, buildings, and equipment are detailed as follows:

LAND, BUILDINGS, AND EQUIPMENT

	Book value at	Book value at
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024
Land, buildings, and equipment	\$ 7,753,084	\$ 7,536,918
Furniture, equipment, books, and collections	1,781,593	1,718,815
Construction in progress	861,401	682,701
Total before accumulated depreciation	\$10,396,078	\$ 9,938,434
Accumulated depreciation	(5,499,121)	(5,228,567)
Net land, buildings, and equipment	\$ 4,896,957	\$ 4,709,867

Certain properties, for which the University has possession and beneficial use for an indefinite period and which other entities may also record as assets, are included in the consolidated statements of financial position, as follows: (1) land, buildings, and equipment of the contract colleges aggregating \$763,137 and \$737,852 on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, the acquisition cost of which was borne primarily by New York State, and (2) land, buildings, and equipment for which titles rest with government and corporate agencies aggregating \$1,158 and \$1,122 on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

The future commitments on capital projects in progress, excluding projects funded by New York State, are approximately \$331,049 on June 30, 2025.

B. Cornell Tech Campus

In December 2011, in partnership with Technion-Israel Institute of Technology, the University won the Applied Sciences NYC competition to build and operate a new applied sciences and engineering campus in New York City. The city committed, through the New York City Economic Development Corporation ("NYCEDC"), a location and seed funding for the initial construction of the new campus. Under the terms of the agreement with the NYCEDC and the

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

ninety-nine-year ground lease on Roosevelt Island, the University committed to creating the new applied sciences campus in three phases, with milestones in 2017, 2027, and 2037. In addition, the University has enrollment, faculty, and other operational commitments as part of the agreement.

Cornell Tech met its first milestone when faculty, staff, and researchers moved into the first academic building (Bloomberg Center) on Roosevelt Island during the summer of 2017. Students, faculty, and researchers moved into The House at Cornell Tech in advance of the fall semester. In addition, programs and operations in the Bloomberg Center and The Tata Innovation Center began during the 2017-2018 academic year, rounding out the University's operational commitments for the first phase.

6. OBLIGATIONS UNDER SPLIT-INTEREST AGREEMENTS AND FUNDS HELD IN TRUST BY OTHERS

The University reports its obligations under split-interest agreements at fair value. The fair value of the obligations are calculated annually and considered Level 3 in the fair-value hierarchy. The discount rate is based on average return of investment-grade corporate bonds, weighted using a schedule of actuarial estimates of the lives of the income beneficiaries and the relative value of the agreements.

The University's interest in funds held in trust by others is considered Level 3 in the fair-value hierarchy. Trusts in which the University has an income interest are valued annually using estimated cash flows based on average actual income over three years. Remainder interests are determined using present value calculations based on annual valuation reports received from the funds' trustees. The discount rates used to estimate present value are based on the average return of investment-grade corporate bonds, weighted according to a schedule of actuarial estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

The following tables summarize the fair values and activity of funds held in trust by others and obligations under split interest agreements.

SPLIT-INTEREST AC	GREEMENTS AT	FAIR VALUE	AND LEVEL 3	OUANTITATIVE INFORMATION
SI EII II (I EI EE EI I I C	orthorn to re-	TITLE VILLED		QUILITITITITE IN TOTAL INTERIOR

		20 2 Tot		Valua metho				_	obse outs	ervable		_	-	Range veighted average)	
Funds held in trust by others Remainder		\$ 100,98	1	Prese	ent v	value calc	ulation	ı D	iscou	ınt rate				4.66%	
		,					Y	Years to maturity					0-48 (9)		
Lead and perpetual Total funds held in trust by others		\$ 165,20	_	Disco	ount	ted cash f	low	D	iscou	ınt rate			5.57%		
Obligations under split-interest agreemen	nts	\$ 138,14	\$ 138,141 Discount			inted cash flow Discount rate								6.04%	
								Y	ears 1	to maturi	ity		0-	-59 (15)	
		20 2		Valua metho					Unobservable inputs					Range veighted average)	
Funds held in trust by others	-											_		<u> </u>	
Remainder	\$ 93,710			Prese					Discount rate Years to maturity					5.14% 0-49 (8)	
Lead and perpetual Total funds held in trust by others		64,20 \$ 157,91	_	Disco	ount	ted cash f	low	D	iscou	ınt rate				5.41%	
Obligations under split-interest agreements SUMMARY OF LEVEL 3 SPLIT-INTERI		\$ 134,01 AGREEME				ted cash f	low			ınt rate to maturi	ity		0-	5.84% -74 (15)	
-															
		Tair value at ne 30, 2024		Realized gain/(loss)		nrealized	Purc	hases		Sales	in/(o	ut) of evel 3		air value at ae 30, 2025	
Funds held in trust by others															
Remainder	\$	93,710	\$	3,826	\$	3,445	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100,981	
Lead and perpetual		64,208	_	(12)		26								64,222	
Total funds held in trust by others	\$	157,918	\$	3,814	\$	3,471	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	165,203	
Obligations under split-interest agreements	\$	134,011	\$	-	\$	4,130	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	138,141	
												nsfers			
		air value at	Realized		nrealized	ъ.			0.1	,	ut) of		air value at		
Funds held in trust by others	Jui	ne 30, 2023		gain/(loss)	<u>g</u>	ain/(loss)	Purc	hases		Sales	L	evel 3	Jun	ie 30, 2024	
Remainder	\$	89,455	\$	2,870	\$	1,385	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	93,710	
Lead and perpetual	Ψ	66,099	Ψ	(96)	Ψ	(1,795)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	64,208	
Total funds held in trust by others	\$	155,554	\$	2,774	\$	(410)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	157,918	
Obligations under split-interest agreements	\$	136,138	\$	-	\$	(2,127)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,011	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

7. DEFERRED BENEFITS

A. General Information

Accrued employee benefit obligations as of June 30 include the following:

SUMMARY OF DEFERRED BENEFITS

	 2025		2024
Postemployment benefits	\$ 31,780	\$	31,105
Pension and other postretirement benefits	438,390		294,936
Other deferred benefits	243,687		235,516
Total deferred benefits	\$ 713,857	\$	561,557

Accrued postemployment benefits include workers' compensation and medical continuation benefits for those on long-term disability. Other deferred benefits include primarily vacation accruals, deferred compensation, and medical benefit claims incurred-but-not-reported ("IBNR"). Additionally, the University provides various benefits to former or inactive employees after employment, but before retirement, that are recognized when they are earned.

B. Pension and Postretirement Plans

The University's employee retirement plan coverage is provided by two basic types of plans: one based on a predetermined level of funding (defined contribution), and the other based on a years-of-service calculation to determine the level of benefit to be provided (defined benefit).

The defined contribution plans for endowed colleges and exempt employees (those not subject to the overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act) at WCM are funded either by employer contributions based on a percentage of salary or by voluntary employee contributions. The contributions to the defined contribution plans are held on investment platforms with record keeping services performed by the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association and Fidelity Investments (endowed colleges only). Total contributions of the endowed colleges and WCM plans for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024 amounted to \$166,307 and \$156,104, respectively.

WCM maintains the University's only defined benefit pension plan. The participants include non-exempt employees at WCM who meet the eligibility requirements for participation. The plan was frozen in 1976 for exempt employees at WCM, and the accrued benefits were merged with the active non-exempt retirement plan in 1989. In accordance with the funding requirements applicable to defined benefit plans under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), the University must contribute to the plan's trust an actuarially determined amount that represents current year benefits plus an amount to fund any shortfall in trust assets needed to satisfy plan benefit obligations.

Additionally, the University provides health and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents, based on the attainment of a set of defined service and age requirements. The cost of providing these benefits is accrued during the service lives of employees.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

C. Obligations and Funded Status

The following table sets forth the defined benefit pension and postretirement plans' obligations and funded status as of June 30:

SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS AND FUNDED STATUS

Other post 2025		
		2024
451,187	\$	408,915
49,031		42,272
40,592		38,385
(40,592)		(38,385)
500,218	\$	451,187
720,357	\$	677,387
27,578		25,744
42,295		37,977
170,638		12,617
(35,918)		(34,939)
922		1,571
925,872	\$	720,357
(425,654)	\$	(269,170)
(425,654)	\$	(269,170)
-	\$	(6,621)
170,403		15,444
170,403	\$	8,823
(161,580)	\$	(13,210)
(2,321)		4,887
(163,901)	\$	(8,323)
	27,578 42,295 170,638 (35,918) 922 925,872 (425,654) (425,654) - 170,403 170,403	27,578 42,295 170,638 (35,918) 922 925,872 (425,654) \$ (425,654) \$ 170,403 \$ (161,580) (2,321) \$

The accumulated benefit obligation for the pension plan was \$199,493 and \$195,945 on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The accumulated benefit obligation differs from the projected benefit obligation in the table above in that it includes no assumptions about future compensation levels. It represents the actuarial present value of future payments to plan participants using current and past compensation levels.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

The accumulated benefit obligation for the Ithaca postretirement plan was \$736,617 on June 30,2025 and \$565,062 on June 30, 2024. All postretirement plan assets in the table above related to this plan. The accumulated benefit obligation for the WCM postretirement plan was \$189,255 on June 30, 2025 and \$155,295 on June 30, 2024. This plan is unfunded. The accumulated benefit obligations are the same as the projected benefit obligations because the liabilities are not compensation related.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, an increase in discount rates for the WCM pension and Ithaca postretirement plans contributed to actuarial gains. These gains were more than offset by actuarial losses associated with the postretirement plans mainly driven by updated healthcare claims costs and healthcare trend, along with updated census data.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the actuarial gain for the pension plan was primarily driven by the increase in the discount rate which was significantly offset by other losses due to updated census data. The actuarial loss for the postretirement plan was primarily driven by updated claims and census data which was partially offset by other gains due to the increase in the discount rate.

D. Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Net benefit expense related to the pension and postretirement plans for the fiscal years ended June 30 includes the following components:

NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST

	Pension	benefit	:s		nent		
	 2025		2024		2025		2024
Service cost (benefits earned during the period)	\$ 12,374	\$	12,153	\$	27,578	\$	25,744
Interest cost	13,731		12,327		42,295		37,977
Expected return on plan assets	(14,622)		(12,419)		(32,936)		(29,851)
Amortization of prior service cost	-		-		(6,621)		(12,627)
Amortization of net (gain)/loss	 (896)		(136)		(417)		(386)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 10,587	\$	11,925	\$	29,899	\$	20,857

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

E. Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions used in determining the pension and postretirement plans' benefit obligations and net periodic costs are as follows:

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

	Pension bene	efits	Other pos	tretirement
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Used to calculate benefit obligations at June 30				
Discount rate	6.02%	5.81%	5.89% / 5.56%	5.74% / 5.61%
Rate of compensation increase	3.00%	3.00%	n/a	n/a
Used to calculate net periodic cost at July 1				
Discount rate	5.81%	5.61%	5.74% / 5.61%	5.52% / 5.46%
Expected return on plan assets	7.30%	7.30%	7.30%	7.30%
Rate of compensation increase	3.00%	3.00%	n/a	n/a
Assumed health care cost trend rates				
Health care cost trend rate assumed for next year	n/a	n/a	7.00%	6.50%
Ultimate trend rate	n/a	n/a	4.50%	4.50%
Years to reach ultimate trend rate	n/a	n/a	10	5

F. Plan Assets

The University's Retirement Plan Oversight Committee ("RPOC") is chaired by the Vice President and Chief Human Resources Officer, with committee members selected from across multiple disciplines at the University. Its primary purpose is to assist the University in fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities by providing guidance and oversight for the University's retirement plans, including oversight of the custodial bank. The RPOC, in accordance with an Investment Policy Statement and in conjunction with its outside consultant, regularly reviews the investment strategies, along with evolving institutional objectives, and will make recommendations regarding possible changes to asset allocation and investment managers accordingly.

The University's overall investment objectives for pension and postretirement healthcare plan assets are broadly defined to include an inflation-adjusted rate of return that seeks growth commensurate with a prudent level of risk. To achieve this objective, the University has established fully discretionary trusts with a custodial bank as trustee and an investment manager for WCM's defined benefit pension plan as well as the postretirement medical benefit plan for the University's endowed employees on the Ithaca campus. Under those trust agreements, the custodial bank implements investment allocations through various investment funds to carry out the investment objectives established by the RPOC.

Risk mitigation is achieved by diversifying investments across multiple asset classes, investing in high-quality securities, and permitting flexibility in the balance of investments in the recommended asset classes. Market risk is inherent in any portfolio, but the investment policies and strategies are designed to avoid concentration of risk in any one entity, industry, country, or commodity. The funds in which the plan assets are invested are well-diversified and managed to avoid concentration of risk. The expected rate of return assumptions are based on the expertise

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

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provided by investment managers at the custodial bank. The factors impacting the expected rates of return for various asset types include assumptions about inflation, historically based real returns, anticipated value added by investment managers, and expected average asset allocations.

The fair values of the pension plan assets and postretirement medical benefit plan assets are categorized according to the fair-value hierarchy. Both the pension plan and postretirement medical benefit plans invest in funds to meet their investment objectives. The asset allocation is based on the underlying assets of the various funds. The fair-value level is based upon each fund as the unit of measure. The fair value of the plans' assets as of June 30 and the roll-forward for Level 3 assets are disclosed in the tables below.

SUMMARY OF PLAN ASSETS

	Target	Pension ber	nefits	Other postretirement		
	allocation		2024	2025	2024	
Percentage of plan assets						
Equity securities	39-85%	64%	65%	63%	64%	
Fixed income securities	15-55%	30%	30%	37%	36%	
Real estate	0-10%	6%	5%	0%	0%	
Total		100%	100%	100%	100%	

PENSION PLAN ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE

	Level 1 fair value		Level 2	Level 3	2025
			 fair value	 fair value	Total
Cash and cash equivalents					
Money market	\$	464	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 464
Equity securities					
U.S. small cap		-	9,934	-	9,934
U.S. large cap		-	45,596	-	45,596
U.S. multi cap		-	7,410	-	7,410
U.S. REITS		-	5,140	-	5,140
Emerging markets		-	13,102	-	13,102
International equity		-	55,786	-	55,786
Fixed income securities					
U.S. high yield bonds		-	14,696	-	14,696
Corporate bonds		-	44,210	-	44,210
International fixed income		-	4,148	-	4,148
Other types of investments					
Real estate		-	_	12,770	12,770
Receivable for investments sold		2	 _	 	2
Total assets	\$	466	\$ 200,022	\$ 12,770	\$ 213,258

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

PENSION PLAN	2TT22 A	ΔΤΕΔΙΕ	VATIF
		$\Delta I I \Delta II$	VALUE

	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3	2024
		fair value	fair value		 fair value	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents						
Money market	\$	424	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 424
Equity securities						
U.S. small cap		-		8,779	-	8,779
U.S. large cap		-		38,270	-	38,270
U.S. multi cap		-		6,613	-	6,613
U.S. REITS		-		5,070	-	5,070
Emerging markets		-		11,813	-	11,813
International equity		-		57,812	-	57,812
Fixed income securities						
U.S. high yield bonds		-		15,838	-	15,838
Corporate bonds		-		38,412	-	38,412
International fixed income		-		3,946	-	3,946
Other types of investments						
Real estate		-		-	9,370	9,370
Receivable for investments sold		2_			 	 2
Total assets	\$	426	\$	186,553	\$ 9,370	\$ 196,349

SUMMARY OF LEVEL 3 PENSION PLAN ACTIVITY

	Fa	ir value,								Tra	nsfers	F	air value,	
		June 30,	R	Realized		Realized Unrealized					in/(out) of			June 30,
		2024	gai	gain/(loss) g		gain/(loss)		chases	Sales	Level 3			2025	
Real estate	\$	9,370	\$	231	\$	259	\$	3,700	\$(790)	\$		\$	12,770	
Total Level 3 assets	\$	9,370	\$	231	\$	259	\$	3,700	\$(790)	\$		\$	12,770	

SUMMARY OF LEVEL 3 PENSION PLAN ACTIVITY

	Fair value,				•	Transfers	Fair value,	
	June 30,	Realized	Unrealized			in/(out) of	June 30,	
	2023	gain/(loss)	gain/(loss)	Purchases	Sales	Level 3	2024	
Real estate	\$ 11,804	\$ 262	\$ (1,883)	\$ -	\$(813)	\$ -	\$ 9,370	
Total Level 3 assets	\$ 11,804	\$ 262	\$ (1,883)	\$ -	\$(813)	\$ -	\$ 9,370	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

POSTRETIREMENT PLAN ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE

	Level 1 fair value	Level 2 fair value		Level 3 fair value		2025 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	 					
Money market	\$ 9,896	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,896
Equity securities						
U.S. small cap	-		26,149		-	26,149
U.S. large cap	-	1	198,824		-	198,824
U.S. multi cap	-		9,149		-	9,149
Emerging markets	-		25,190		-	25,190
International equity	-		53,767		-	53,767
Fixed income securities						
U.S. high yield bonds	-		68,430		-	68,430
Corporate bonds	-		94,917		-	94,917
Emerging markets debt	 		13,896			13,896
Total assets	\$ 9,896	\$ 4	190,322	\$	-	\$ 500,218

POSTRETIREMENT PLAN ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 fair value		2024 Total	
	<u></u>	fair value	fair value				
Cash and cash equivalents							
Money market	\$	6,669	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,669
Equity securities							
U.S. small cap		-	35,801		-		35,801
U.S. large cap		-	166,264		-		166,264
U.S. multi cap		-	16,294		-		16,294
Emerging markets		-	19,567		-		19,567
International equity		-	48,813		-		48,813
Fixed income securities							
U.S. high yield bonds		-	61,761		-		61,761
Corporate bonds		-	78,089		-		78,089
Emerging markets debt			17,929				17,929
Total assets	\$	6,669	\$ 444,518	\$	-	\$	451,187

G. Expected Contributions and Benefit Payments

The expected annual contributions and benefit payments that reflect anticipated service are as follows:

EXPECTED CONTRIBUTIONS AND BENEFIT PAYMENTS

				Other postretirement				
	ъ	. 1			Government			
	Pens	sion benefits	En	nployer paid	subsidy			
University contributions								
2026	\$	17,700	\$	41,270	n/a			
Future benefit payments								
2026		8,607		42,910	1,640			
2027		9,110		45,526	1,765			
2028		9,708		48,304	1,902			
2029		11,325		51,215	2,045			
2030		11,837		54,795	2,183			
2031-2035		75,370		333,569	13,090			

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established a prescription drug benefit known as "Medicare Part D" that also established a federal subsidy to sponsors of retiree healthcare benefit plans. The estimated future government subsidy amounts are reflected in the table above.

H. Contract College Employees

Employees of the contract colleges are covered under the New York State pension plans. Contributions to the state retirement system and other fringe benefit costs are paid directly by the state. The amount of contributions made by the state to these plans applicable to the University is not currently determinable and is not included in the consolidated financial statements as revenues and expenditures. The University reimburses the state for fringe benefit costs on certain salaries, principally those associated with externally sponsored programs. The amounts reimbursed to the state as of June 30, 2025, and 2024 were \$19,951 and \$20,039, respectively, and are included in operating expenses.

8. RELATED PARTIES AND FUNDS HELD FOR OTHERS

Transactions between the University and any of its trustees, officers or employees are subject to the University's conflict of interest policies, which require disclosure of conflicting interests and abstention by the conflicted persons from associated University decision making. The University assesses related party transactions, including those with external organizations.

The University, in limited instances, invests funds on behalf of related parties. Independent trustees are responsible for the designation of income distribution. The value of the funds held for others included in investments in the consolidated statements of financial position was \$317,807 and \$289,937 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The University recognizes an offsetting liability for funds held for others, with one adjustment described below.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

The New York Hospital-Cornell Medical Center Fund, Inc. ("Center Fund"), which benefits WCM and NYPH, is the major external organization invested in the University's long-term investment portfolio with assets of \$270,145 and \$248,627 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. WCM holds a significant beneficial interest in the assets of the Center Fund of \$177,146 and \$163,357, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. The liability related to NYPH's interest is \$92,999 and \$85,270 as of June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

9. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

A. General Information

Bonds and notes payable are reported at carrying value, which is the par amount net of unamortized issuance costs, premiums, and discounts. Bonds and notes payable as of June 30 are summarized as follows:

SUMMARY OF BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

	2025	2024	Interest rates (%)	Final maturity (fiscal year)
Dormitory Authority of the State of New York (DASNY)				
Revenue Bond Series				
2016A-fixed rate	\$ 77,960	\$ 84,345	4.00 to 5.00	2035
2019A-fixed rate	52,760	64,420	5.00	2029
2019D-fixed rate	97,160	103,675	5.00	2036
2020A-fixed rate	233,000	233,000	4.00 to 5.00	2050
2020A2-fixed rate	77,840	77,840	5.00	2031
2024A-fixed rate	600,000	600,000	5.50	2054
Tax-exempt commercial paper	10,500	-	3.25	2056
Empire State Development	500	625	-	2029
2018A-fixed rate	150,000	150,000	3.85	2049
2007A Taxable commercial paper	211,000	98,300	4.20 to 5.40	-
2020E-fixed rate	75,000	75,000	2.85	2053
2022A-fixed rate	345,000	345,000	3.41	2042
2024B-fixed rate	500,000	500,000	4.84	2034
Other	4,639	4,954	2.75 to 5.50	2050
Outstanding bonds and notes payable	\$ 2,435,359	\$ 2,337,159		
Unamortized premium and issuance costs	128,177	160,390		
Total bonds and notes payable	\$2,563,536	\$ 2,497,549		

Debt and related debt service for borrowings by New York State for the construction and renovation of facilities of the contract colleges are not included in the consolidated financial statements because they are not liabilities of the University.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

In fiscal year 2025, the University increased the authorized amount of the taxable and tax-exempt commercial paper programs from \$300 million and \$200 million, respectively, to \$1 billion each, with no more than \$1 billion outstanding for the combined programs at any one time.

Additionally, during the year ended June 30, 2025, the University issued \$112.7 million of taxable commercial paper for capital and deferred maintenance projects and \$10.5 million of taxexempt commercial paper.

In fiscal year 2024, the University issued Series 2024A of tax-exempt debt in the amount of \$600 million to fund capital projects for the Ithaca, Cornell Tech, and Weill Cornell Medicine campuses. The bond proceeds were also used to redeem all or a portion of DASNY Cornell University Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A, Series 2004A&B, Series 2019B, Series 2019C, a portion of the University's Series 2020D taxable loan and a portion of the University's taxable commercial paper program. The University also repaid DASNY Series 2000B, Series 2020B taxable loan, Series 2020C taxable loan and any remaining portion of the outstanding bonds listed above. The University directly issued Series 2024B of taxable bonds in the amount of \$500 million for general corporate purposes. In fiscal year 2024, the University also issued \$98.3 million of taxable commercial paper to refinance the Hudson Cornell Residential JV LLC subsidiary debt.

Scheduled principal payments on bonds and notes for the next five fiscal years and thereafter are shown below:

ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Year	 Principal
2026	\$ 76,923
2027	27,002
2028	28,336
2029	29,746
2030	96,041
Thereafter	 2,177,311
Total	\$ 2,435,359

B. Variable Rate Debt Subject to Remarketing or Tender

The University maintains tax-exempt and taxable commercial paper programs. Tax-exempt commercial paper is used to finance qualified capital projects and equipment purchases. Taxable commercial paper is also used for these purposes and can also finance short-term working capital needs.

As of June 30, 2025, the maximum authorized amount for the taxable commercial paper program is \$1 billion. The maximum authorized amount for the tax-exempt commercial paper program is \$1 billion. The aggregate amount of taxable and tax-exempt commercial paper outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$1 billion.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

As of June 30, 2024, the maximum authorized amounts for the taxable commercial paper program was \$300 million, and for the tax-exempt commercial paper program was \$200 million.

The amount of taxable commercial paper notes outstanding was \$211.0 million and \$98.3 million as of June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The amount of tax-exempt commercial paper notes outstanding was \$10.5 million as of June 30, 2025. Tax-exempt commercial paper had no amount outstanding as of June 30, 2024. If maturing commercial paper notes are not resold, the University maintains sufficient liquidity to provide for the full and timely purchase of any notes.

C. Lines of Credit

In fiscal year 2025, the University entered into a two-year \$100 million line of credit. As of June 30, 2025, the University maintains five lines of credit totaling \$450 million: \$100 million expiring July 2025, \$125 million expiring February 2026, \$100 million expiring in August 2026, \$25 million expiring January 2027, and \$100 million expiring June 2027. The lines are used to support the University's liquidity. The University records the short-term working capital lines of credit activity and outstanding balances as deferred revenue and other liabilities and the long-term line of credit activity in bonds and notes payable in the consolidated statements of financial position. As of June 30, 2025, and 2024 the University had no outstanding balances.

10. LEASES

A. Nature of Leases

The University has entered into the following lease arrangements:

Finance Leases

These leases mainly consist of various equipment leases and, a building lease for the Breazzano Family Center for Business Education at Ithaca. Termination of the leases generally is prohibited unless there is a violation under the lease agreement.

Operating Leases

The University has various real estate leases for office and instructional space, housing, land and storage space that expire in various years through 2069. These leases generally contain renewal options for periods ranging from two to ten years and require the University to pay all executory costs (i.e., property taxes, maintenance, and insurance). Some leases have an escalating fee schedule, which ranges up to a 3 percent increase each year. A portion of the leased space is subleased under leases expiring over the next 12 years.

In fiscal year 2024, the University entered into two new 30 year lease agreements for clinical and research space in New York City on behalf of WCM and recorded ROU assets and lease liabilities totaling \$173 million. The remaining premises for clinical space under one of the leases were turned over to WCM during fiscal year 2025 and incremental ROU assets and lease liabilities of \$34 million were recorded.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

Short-Term Leases

The University has certain leases for a period of 12 months or less or that contain renewals for periods of 12 months or less. The University does not include short-term leases within the consolidated statements of financial position because it has elected the practical expedient to exclude these leases from operating right of use asset and lease liabilities.

B. Quantitative Disclosures

The lease cost and other required information as of June 30, are as follows:

QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURES

	2025	2024
Lease cost		
Finance lease cost		
Amortization of right of use asset	\$ 3,539	\$ 4,005
Interest on lease liabilities	2,121	2,542
Operating lease cost	76,191	69,559
Short-term lease cost	1,665	1,710
Variable lease cost	89	65
Sublease income	(8)	 (188)
Total lease cost	\$ 83,597	\$ 77,693
	2025	2024
Other information		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of		
lease liabilities		
Operating cash flows from finance leases	\$ 2,121	\$ 2,542
Financing cash flows from finance leases	3,508	3,949
Operating cash flows from operating leases Right of use assets obtained in exchange for new finance	55,754	63,341
lease liabilities	443	4,728
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	76,978	145,858
Weighted-average remaining lease term		
Finance leases	21.5 years	21.8 years
Operating leases	19.8 years	23.4 years
Weighted-average discount rate		
Finance leases	3.9%	3.9%
Operating leases	4.4%	4.6%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

C. Future Minimum Lease Payments

Future minimum lease payments and reconciliation to the consolidated statements of financial position on June 30, 2025, are as follows:

ANNUAL MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS

	Finance	Operating
2026	\$ 4,812	\$ 63,610
2027	4,370	59,484
2028	3,749	55,727
2029	3,246	47,744
2030	3,062	44,882
Thereafter	 57,179	 681,340
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 76,418	\$ 952,787
Less: Amount representing interest	 (24,557)	(401,630)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 51,861	\$ 551,157

11. FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES AND STUDENT AID

Total expenses by functional categories for the fiscal years ended June 30 are as follows:

FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

		Instruction,									
	stu	dent services									
	8	and academic				Healthcare	Ins	stitutional	Ent	erprises and	2025
		support	Research	Pub	lic service	services		support		subsidiaries	Total
Compensation											
and benefits	\$	1,412,168	\$ 504,736	\$	117,456	\$ 1,446,804	\$	613,701	\$	155,426	\$ 4,250,291
Supplies,											
services and											
other		438,286	305,443		49,862	359,282		139,732		117,537	1,410,142
Maintenance and											
facilities		35,072	27,072		7,791	58,587		57,668		44,865	231,055
Interest		11,273	1,014		49	69		31,541		13,027	56,973
Depreciation		150,602	52,006		5,582	15,558		23,893		64,907	312,548
Total operating											
expenses	\$	2,047,401	\$ 890,271	\$	180,740	\$ 1,880,300	\$	866,535	\$	395,762	\$ 6,261,009
Non-operating											
expenses		3,917	623		69	878,223		920		11,465	895,217
Total	\$	2,051,318	\$ 890,894	\$	180,809	\$ 2,758,523	\$	867,455	\$	407,227	\$ 7,156,226

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

FUNCTIONAL:	EXPI	ENSES									
		Instruction,									
	stu	dent services									
	8	and academic				Healthcare	Ins	stitutional	Ent	erprises and	2024
		support	Research	Pub	lic service	services		support		subsidiaries	 Total
Compensation											
and benefits	\$	1,332,757	\$ 486,454	\$	108,197	\$ 1,339,074	\$	538,029	\$	146,630	\$ 3,951,141
Supplies,											
services and											
other		443,896	283,699		44,073	315,590		182,425		108,799	1,378,482
Maintenance and											
facilities		34,624	27,765		9,372	55,164		47,807		41,724	216,456
Interest		28,420	5,880		396	55		28,401		15,348	78,500
Depreciation		150,584	53,173		5,856	16,777		23,289		59,616	309,295
Total operating											
expenses	\$	1,990,281	\$ 856,971	\$	167,894	\$ 1,726,660	\$	819,951	\$	372,117	\$ 5,933,874
Non-operating											
expenses		474	346		136	153,723		(425)		4,899	159,153
Total	\$	1,990,755	\$ 857,317	\$	168,030	\$ 1,880,383	\$	819,526	\$	377,016	\$ 6,093,027

The expenses for operations and maintenance of facilities, depreciation, and interest related to capital projects are allocated to functional categories based on square footage. The amounts allocated for operations and maintenance were approximately \$250,245 and \$212,514 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

Student financial assistance is shown as a component of instruction expense unless the assistance is for tuition and mandatory fees. If the assistance is for tuition and mandatory fees, the amounts are recorded as scholarship allowance, which reduces tuition revenue. If the assistance is for housing and dining, the amounts are recorded as a reduction of auxiliary enterprises revenue. Total financial assistance amounts classified as instruction expense were \$63,376 and \$62,198 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

12. NET ASSETS

A. General Information

The University's net assets as of June 30 are as follows:

SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		 2025 Total
Endowment					
True endowment	\$	-	\$	8,522,755	\$ 8,522,755
Funds functioning as endowment					
(FFE)		1,825,491		532,432	 2,357,923
Total true endowment and FFE	\$	1,825,491	\$	9,055,187	\$ 10,880,678
Perpetual beneficial interests		-		274,646	274,646
Total University endowment	\$	1,825,491	\$	9,329,833	\$ 11,155,324
Other net assets					
Operations	\$	(855,017)	\$	703,880	\$ (151,137)
Student loans		11,317		58,318	69,635
Facilities and equipment		2,951,834		472,735	3,424,569
Annuity and other split-interest					
agreements		-		233,705	233,705
Contributions receivable, net		-		583,894	583,894
Long-term accruals		(623,956)		-	(623,956)
Total net assets	\$	3,309,669	\$	11,382,365	\$ 14,692,034

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		2024 Total
Endowment					
True endowment	\$	-	\$	7,695,391	\$ 7,695,391
Funds functioning as endowment					
(FFE)		1,729,308		501,035	2,230,343
Total true endowment and FFE	\$	1,729,308	\$	8,196,426	\$ 9,925,734
Perpetual beneficial interests		_		251,947	 251,947
Total University endowment	\$	1,729,308	\$	8,448,373	\$ 10,177,681
Other net assets					
Operations	\$	20,831	\$	681,342	\$ 702,173
Student loans		11,063		64,565	75,628
Facilities and equipment		2,770,287		368,887	3,139,174
Annuity and other split-interest					
agreements		-		222,500	222,500
Contributions receivable, net		_		684,248	684,248
Long-term accruals		(475,138)		-	(475,138)
Total net assets	\$	4,056,351	\$	10,469,915	\$ 14,526,266

Net asset balances for operations (without donor restrictions) are affected primarily by operating activities and strategic decisions to invest expendable balances in funds functioning as endowment and capital projects. Long-term accruals represent longer-term liabilities including the unfunded amounts of pension and postretirement benefits, vacation accruals, and conditional asset retirement obligations for asbestos remediation.

The balance of net assets permanently restricted for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025, and 2024 were \$5,335,493 and \$5,150,892, respectively, and included in net assets with donor restrictions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

B. Endowment

The University endowment net assets on June 30 were held in support of the following purposes:

SUMMARY OF ENDOWMENT PURPOSE

	2025	2024
Academic programs and research	\$ 3,187,967	\$ 2,916,217
Financial aid	3,158,748	2,831,695
General purpose and facilities support	2,104,379	1,965,488
Professorships	2,230,326	2,026,840
CU Foundation	199,258	185,494
Total true endowment and FFE, end of year	\$ 10,880,678	\$ 9,925,734

Of the endowment assets held at the University, 98 percent were invested in the long term investment pool (LTIP) at June 30, 2025, and 2024. The LTIP is a mutual-fund-like vehicle used for investing the University's true endowments, FFE, and other funds that are not expected to be expended for at least five years. The University employs a unit method of accounting for the LTIP. Each participating fund enters into and withdraws from the pooled investment account based on monthly unit fair values. Participation in the LTIP using unrestricted funds requires a minimum investment of one hundred thousand dollars and a commitment of at least five years.

On June 30, 2025, zero of the 8,327 true endowment funds invested in the LTIP were underwater. On June 30, 2024, 98 of 8,208 true endowment funds invested in the LTIP had a total historic dollar value of \$139,085 and a fair value of \$136,229, resulting in these endowments being underwater by a total of \$2,856.

June 30, 2025 and 2024

Changes in the endowment net assets, exclusive of perpetual beneficial interests, for the fiscal years ended June 30 are presented below:

SUMMARY OF ENDOWMENT ACTIVITY

	Without			
	donor	With donor	2025	
	restrictions	restrictions	Total	
True endowment and FFE,				
beginning of year	\$1,729,308	\$8,196,426	\$ 9,925,734	
Investment return				
Net investment income	12,186	60,681	72,867	
Net realized and unrealized				
gain/(loss)	187,169	933,143	1,120,312	
Total investment return	\$ 199,355	\$ 993,824	\$ 1,193,179	
New gifts	8,946	216,737	225,683	
Amounts appropriated for				
expenditure/reinvestment	(67,736)	(344,830)	(412,566)	
Other changes and				
reclassifications	(44,382)	(6,970)	(51,352)	
Total true endowment and FFE,				
end of year	\$1,825,491	\$9,055,187	\$10,880,678	

SUMMARY OF ENDOWMENT ACTIVITY

	W	ithout				
		donor	V	Vith donor		2024
	restrictions		restrictions		Total	
True endowment and FFE,				•		
beginning of year	\$1,698,435		\$7,624,207		\$	9,322,642
Investment return						
Net investment income		9,829		53,411		63,240
Net realized and unrealized						
gain/(loss)	12	0,838		607,760		728,598
Total investment return	\$ 13	0,667	\$	661,171	\$	791,838
New gifts		1,431		215,292		216,723
Amounts appropriated for expenditure/reinvestment	(6	5,213)		(319,970)		(385,183)
Other changes and reclassifications	(3	6,012)		15,726		(20,286)
Total true endowment and FFE, end of year	\$1,72	9,308	\$8	3,196,426	\$	9,925,734

13. SELF-INSURANCE

The University retains some general liability and property risk through self-insured, deductible limits but purchases annual policies from third parties to provide coverage for the majority of those risks. In addition, the University has a self-funded student health plan and has an equity interest in a multi-provider captive insurance company for medical malpractice.

A. Medical Malpractice

The University obtains medical malpractice insurance through MCIC Vermont ("MCIC"). MCIC is a reciprocal risk retention group that provides medical malpractice insurance coverage and risk management services to its subscribers.

MCIC is owned by the University, NYPH, and four other higher education institutions and their respective teaching hospitals. All of WCM's faculty physicians are enrolled in MCIC. The medical malpractice incurred but not reported liability is calculated annually on an actuarial basis.

WCM has recorded medical malpractice liabilities of \$1,290,530 and \$417,132 on June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, as deferred revenue and other liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position. In addition, WCM maintains a reinsurance program with MCIC with anticipated recoveries of \$200,905 and \$210,188, respectively, recorded as accounts receivable (Note 3A).

B. Student Health Plan

The University has a self-funded student health plan established under Section 1124 of the New York State Insurance Law ("NYSIL"). The Student Health Plan ("SHP") provides health insurance coverage to students at Cornell University. The table below summarizes SHP operations occurring during the University's fiscal years ended June 30.

SUMMARY OF STUDENT HEALTH PLAN OPERATIONS

	2025				
Total revenue	\$	61,500	\$	57,647	
Expenses					
Medical and prescription drug expense		51,861		48,103	
Administrative fees		5,603		5,433	
Total expenses	\$	57,464	\$	53,536	
Net income from health plan operations	\$	4,036	\$	4,111	

The University has established reserves with the amounts necessary to satisfy obligations of the plan. Determined by analysis and recommendations of a qualified actuary, and with the approval of NYS DFS, the reserve for IBNR medical claims and claims reported-but-not-paid ("RBNP") is maintained at an amount not less than 14.5 percent of expected medical claims and 5 percent of expected pharmacy drug claims. In addition, a separate contingency reserve is in place to

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

satisfy unexpected obligations in the event of termination of the plan. The contingency reserve is maintained at an amount not less than 5 percent of the total current plan year premiums. NYS requires that the assets of the contingency reserve consist of certain investments of the types specified in Section 1404 of NYSIL. The cash value of the contingent reserve funds was \$4,547 and \$4,345 as of June 30, 2025, and 2024 respectively. The changes in SHP reserves during the fiscal years ended June 30 are presented below.

SUMMARY OF STUDENT HEALTH PLAN RESERVES

	 IBNR/RB	NP res	erve	Contingency reserve			
	2025	2024		2025		2024	
Balance as of July 1	\$ 5,825	\$	5,437	\$	4,345	\$	3,767
Balance as of June 30	6,795		5,825		4,547		4,345
Net change	\$ 970	\$	388	\$	202	\$	578

Premium revenue is billed in advance of the plan year (unearned) and recognized as revenue monthly as coverage is provided. The changes in the unearned premiums during the fiscal years ended June 30 are presented below.

SUMMARY OF STUDENT HEALTH PLAN UNEARNED PREMIUMS

	2025	2024
Balance as of July 1	\$ 324	\$ 249
Balance as of June 30	338	324
Net change	\$ 14	\$ 75

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The University is involved in various legal proceedings, some of which involve claims for substantial monetary amounts, arising from the normal course of its operations and is also subject to periodic audits, inquiries and investigations by various governmental agencies. Notably, the University, along with other defendants, has been named in lawsuits alleging sexual misconduct by a former physician and has settled or is in the process of settling these lawsuits. For certain contingencies, the University estimates a potential range of losses. If no specific loss within the range is more likely than other, the University accrues a liability at the low end of the range for the estimated probable loss. While the final outcomes of the open lawsuits cannot be predicted as of the date the consolidated financial statements were issued, the University has recorded an estimated liability in line with the policy described above within deferred revenue and other liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position.

15. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The University receives significant funding from federal sources, including student financial aid, research grants, and other sponsored programs. Effective January 27, 2025, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) issued a memorandum temporarily pausing the disbursement of federal funding following a series of executive orders and required federal agencies to review all federal financial assistance programs. Subsequently, institutions receiving federal funding were

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2025 and 2024

subject to policy and regulatory changes as well as other actions impacting the funding for various programs and compliance activities. These changes did not have a material impact to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2025. The University has also received inquiries from federal agencies pertaining to the University's compliance with various laws and regulations. The future impact on the availability, timing, and terms of federal programs cannot be predicted, and the impact on the University's operations could be material in future periods.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The University has evaluated subsequent events through October 27, 2025, the date on which the consolidated financial statements were issued.

In July 2025, the University extended one of its \$100 million lines of credit, from an expiration date of July 2025 to July 2027. In fiscal year 2026, the University entered into three new and one amended lines of credit agreements totaling \$350 million, increasing the total lines of credit to \$800 million. As of October 27, 2025 the outstanding balance on all lines of credit was \$693.8 million resulting in an available balance of \$106.2 million.

In fiscal year 2026, the University paid off \$211.0 million taxable commercial paper and \$10.5 million of tax-exempt commercial paper resulting in no amount outstanding for either commercial paper program.

Additionally, in October 2025 the University purchased an office building in New York City for \$514.4 million in which the University had previously leased a portion of the floors contained in the building. As a result of the purchase, the \$114.8 million operating lease liability and the \$104.3 million right of use asset - operating lease were eliminated as of the date of purchase.